

I. Vocabulary Practice: Fill in the blanks to complete the table.

漢字	拼音	英文
懂	dǒng	understand
難	nán	difficult
椅子	yǐzi	chair
農村	nóngcūn	village
火車	huǒchē	train
桌子	zhuōzi	table
廚房	chúfáng	kitchen
漂亮	piàoliang	pretty
生詞	shēngcí	new words
念	niàn	read

II. Stroke Order: Write the stroke number for each character at the point the stroke begins. Then add an arrow to indicate the writing direction from the starting point.

1. 答                      2. 農                      3. 村

4. 謝                      5. 念                      6. 些

III. Translate the following sentences into Chinese characters using 一些, 這些 or 那些.

Example:

**These** new vocabulary words are difficult, none of us quite understand them.

這些生詞很難，我們都不太懂。

1. I have **a few** friends in China.

我在中國有一些朋友。

2. Please straighten up **those** magazines that are in the study.

請整理那些書房裡的雜誌。

3. **These** young children are always playing on the train.

這些年輕的孩子總在火車上玩兒。

4. **Those** dresses you bought yesterday are all very pretty.

你昨天買的那些裙子都很漂亮。

5. After returning from China my friend showed me **some** pictures of a Chinese village.

從中國回來以後，我的朋友給我看一些中國農村的照片。

III. Use appropriate language to respond the the following situations. Write your response in Chinese characters. Use at least two full and complete sentences for each situation.

1. As a server in a restaurant you need to take someone's drink order. What do you ask?

請問，您想喝什麼？我們今天有花茶，綠茶和咖啡。  
沒有啤酒。

2. Explain to a friend what you like to eat.

我很喜歡吃中國飯，也喜歡吃墨西哥飯。我不太喜歡  
吃肉。

3. Please describe how to get to your home from school.

我每天下午下課以後在Sato後邊等車。我等車來的時候，  
常常跟我朋友，同學一起玩。我晚上六點回家。